

### *Anthem of Valdai*

Brightly lit golden dome



Over white fortress monastery ...



All tests for the glory of Russia

You overcame, native land!

Chorus:

Bell ringing off the ground flies

Above the lakes in the Celestial Paradise.

True son of Russia, indestructible shield

Music of the soul - my Valdai!

Quiet streets in villages and towns

The lake stretch as streams.

It - Russ endless song,

It's - it springs alive.

Chorus.

Bell - ringing voice Valdai,

Call of the sacred land of Novgorod.

Blessing from edge to edge

Earth Valdai and your people!

Chorus.

Words E. Rodchenkova



# Valdai



Alpatov Artem 7"A" class

## Valdai is a popular tourist place

Valdai was palace village until 1654 . May 28, 1770 Valdai was granted city status. Craftsmen were made big bells and little bells. In Valdai visited Alexander Radishchev, Alexander Pushkin, Nikolay Nekrasov, Vladimir Alexandrovich

Serov, Gavriila Derzhavin.



The city is located in the Valdai Hills, on the shores of Lake Valdai.



On the island of Lake Valdai there is an Iberian Monastery. Valdai is located within the boundaries of the Valdai National Park. Valdai sights are also Vvedenskaya church, requiring restoration, Peter and Paul Church, Chapel of Jacob Borovichsky park estates Vakhrusheva and Menshikov Solovëvsky Park and others.



Valdai lake is a lake located in the Valdai Hills in the territory of the Valdai National Park area in the Valdai, Novgorod Region.

The lake area without islands is 19.7 square kilometers; average depth - 12 meters (maximum - 60 m). Valdai lake covered with ice from early December to early May. In the middle of the island is located Rowan, dividing the lake into two Ples.



Valdai is a popular tourist place. Russia's only **museum of Bells** is housed in the palace church, "In the name of Catherine the Great» (XVIII century).



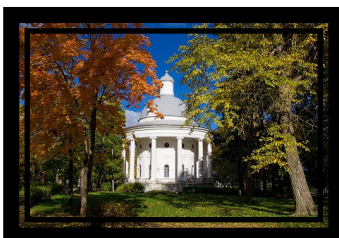
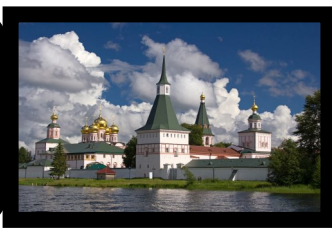
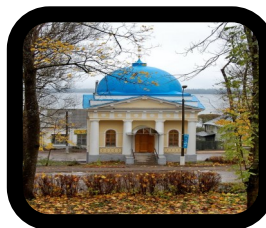
The museum features a variety of bells and chimes, as well as various information about bell's production and masters pre-revolutionary Russia. The museum has a bell brought from various parts of Russia, and also from Sweden, Germany and other countries. Near the central square of Valdai (Freedom Square) is the Museum of the county town.

**Catherine the Great Martyr Church** (another name - **Lviv Rotunda**) is an architectural monument of republican values in Valdai, Novgorod Region. It was built in 1786-1794 by the architect Nicolay Lvov. It is a building with a colonnade in the classical style. Funds have been allocated for the construction of the Empress Catherine II. Rotunda was served as a palace church Travel Palace of Catherine, but church services were committed to it often. From the palace complex survived separate rebuilt houses survived.

In 1920 the building of the Church of Catherine was declared an architectural monument.

In 1970, she moved to the exposure of the Valdai Museum.

In 1995, in the rotunda of the Lviv Museum opened Valdai bells.



Valdai lake is connected to Lake Dinner channel "digging." The canal was built by the Iver monastery in 1862 on the site of the river Fedoseevka, whose length is approximately 150m. Valdai is the picturesque lake of glacial origin. The three major islands: Birch, Rowan, treacle.

On the island of Rowan is a historical and architectural monument of 17-18 centuries. - The ensemble of buildings Iver monastery. In 2007-2008 it was reconstructed Iver monastery, built a bridge held an asphalt road, completed the electrification of the island. In January 2008, the monastery was consecrated Alexy II.

