Northeast Greenland National Park is the world's largest and most northerly national park. It's the biggest national park in the world. Established in 1974 and expanded to its present size in 1988, it protects 972,001 km².

It was the first national park to be created in the Kingdom of Denmark and remains Greenland's only national park.





Educational Center of JSC "Gazprom"



Northeast Greenland National Park

Made by Zaynudinova Ksenia, 6 "D"

Moscow, 2014

Population

The park has no permanent human population. In 1986, the permanent population of the park was 40, living at Mestersvig, although 400 sites saw occasional summertime use.

Recently only 31 people and about 110 dogs were present over winter in North East Greenland, distributed among the following stations (all on the coast, except Summit Camp).



Population in the National park



Fauna

An estimated 5,000 to 15,000 musk oxen, as well as numerous polar bears and walrus, can be found near the coastal regions of the park. This is claimed to be 40% of the world population of musk ox.

Other mammals includearctic fox, stoat, collared lemming and arctic hare. Other marine mammals include ringed seal, bearded seal, harp seal and hooded seal as well as narwhal and Beluga whale.

Species of birds which breed in the park include great northern diver, barnacle goose, pink-footed goose, common eider, king eider, gyrfalcon, snowy owl, sanderling, ptarmigan and raven.



Types of nature





